

Navigating a Changing Climate A Global Climate Action initiative

Jan Brooke

Navigating a Changing Climate Focal Point
On behalf of the PIANC-led Think Climate coalition



Navigating a Changing Climate Partners

- The World Association for Waterborne Transport Infrastructure (PIANC)
- International Association of Ports and Harbors (IAPH)
- International Harbour Masters' Association (IHMA)
- International Maritime Pilots' Association (IMPA)
- International Bulk Terminals Association (IBTA)
- Smart Freight Centre (SFC)
- European Dredging Association (EuDA)
- European Sea Ports Organisation (ESPO)
- Institute of Marine Engineering, Science and Technology (IMarEST)
- Inland Waterways International (IWI)



Navigating a Changing Climate Objectives

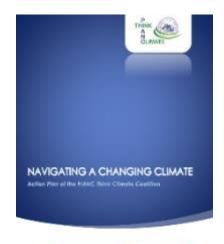
- To improve sector-wide awareness of climate change; of the challenges waterborne transport infrastructure will face; and of potential solutions or opportunities
- To create and facilitate knowledge networks, promoting the sharing of experience and good practice between state and nonstate actors at international, regional and national levels
- To develop or facilitate the preparation of technical good practice guidance, training opportunities and web-based resources
- To provide a coordinated, global focal point: a 'centre of excellence' intended to support the owners, operators and users of waterborne transport infrastructure in building the capacity needed to navigate the changing climate



Navigating a Changing Climate Action Plan

Four categories of action in line with expectations of Paris Agreement and Sustainable Development Goals

- Expand network of partners and supporters, raise awareness of climate-related issues throughout the sector
- Promote actions to reduce (net) greenhouse gas emissions and encourage a shift towards low carbon infrastructure and operations
- Improve preparedness, strengthen resilience and enable the waterborne transport infrastructure sector to adapt to climate change
- Encourage new ways of thinking: Working with Nature, and identifying sustainable and integrated solutions





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Navigating a Changing Climate Low carbon

Actions include:

- IAPH **World Ports Climate Initiative**: includes carbon footprinting, onshore power supply, environmental ship index
- Global Logistics Emissions Council methodology for calculating supply chain logistics emissions; SFC now harmonising methods for ports and terminals
- ESPO Green Guide chapter on energy consumption and climate change, EcoPorts tools embed climate change components
- EuDA developing strategy for capture and storage of atmospheric CO₂ 'Blue Carbon' initiative
- PIANC's Working Group 188 carbon management for ports/inland waterways



Navigating a Changing Climate Adaptation

Maritime and inland navigation may need to adapt to:

- Increases in **flooding** frequency or severity due to sea level rise or precipitation changes
- Increased frequency of extreme **wind, wave or storm** conditions
- Changes in **sediment transport**, erosion and accretion
- Potential for changes in fog characteristics or other visibility issues
- Air and water **temperature** increases, ocean chemistry change
- Changes in **ice** cover

Why act? Ensure navigational safety, reduce downtime, protect business continuity

Action: publish **sector-specific technical adaptation guidance** for ports and inland waterways: PIANC Working Group 178



PIANC WG 178

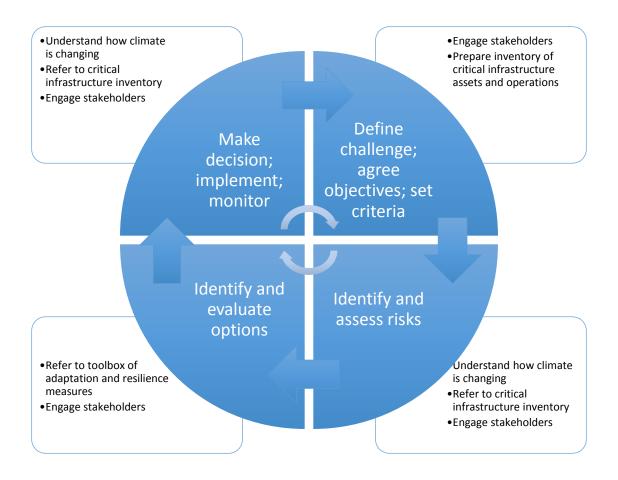


Table 4.3 Indicative combinations of adaptation and resilience measures

Impact	Measure 1	Measure 2	Measure 3
Sea level rise leading to increased flooding of certain berths	Modify berthing arrangements or schedules	Monitor asset condition and performance	Depending on residual life of berth, retrofit or replace with elevated structure
Increased frequency of extreme wave and wind conditions exacerbating erosion	Strengthen legal protection for \ remaining vegetated shorelines	Educate local communities in role of marsh or mangroves	Habitat restoration and re-planting projects; create breakwaters (e.g. using dredged material filled geo-tubes)
Increased storm frequency impacting breakwater integrity	Retrofit asset to maximum affordable protection	Prepare disaster risk reduction plan	Educate workforce, local community about risks and risk reduction plan



Moving towards low carbon and resilient waterborne transport infrastructure



Sponsors





Dredging, Environmental & Marine Engineering





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Transport infrastructure adaptation Quick Wins

Adaptation actions for <u>existing</u> infrastructure include:

- Build and embed institutional capacity to identify and manage climate-related risks
- Develop real-time monitoring and early warning systems;
 prepare and publicise contingency / disaster preparedness plans
- Monitor asset condition and prioritise maintenance to maximise adaptive capacity
- Develop and deliver programmes for climate-resilient refurbishment, retrofitting or renewal, using nature-based solutions where relevant



Transport infrastructure adaptation Quick Wins

Adaptation actions for <u>new</u> infrastructure include:

- Promote adaptive management and flexibility in infrastructure design through revised design standards, planning processes and evaluation techniques
- Engage all stakeholders including those along the supply chain to exploit opportunities for integration, interconnectivity and improved efficiency
- Review and refocus business case development and investment financing criteria to facilitate delivery of climate-resilient infrastructure
- Facilitate information exchange, share evolving good practice and feed back into industry guidelines and standards



Thanks for listening!



navclimate.pianc.org
jan@janbrooke.co.uk